

The Topeka State Journal.

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SILVER FIRST THING.

President Goudy Welcomes Republican League to Denver

In a Speech Brim Full of Silver Sentiment.

ASHAMED OF WAITE.

Mr. Goudy Begs Visitors Not to Judge Colorado

By That "Profane, Turbulent, Boisterous Old Man."

DENVER, June 26.—Standing room was at a premium in the spacious Broadway theatre when the Republican national league convention assembled today. Denver has not contained so many visitors since the Knights Templar convocation two years ago. The number of strangers in the city is estimated at 6,000 of whom about one-third are delegates.

The committee on resolutions, the members of which are appointed by the states held a caucus today which developed a strong majority in favor of frowning down all issues, such as free coinage, of silver at 16 to 1, and woman suffrage. The committee so far as it is made up, and it is nearly complete, is considered safe and conservative, which means that it will practically reiterate the declarations of the Minneapolis platform, with possibly some good advice concerning the evils of Populism.

Nevertheless, it is the intention of delegations from silver states to make a fight in the convention for a declaration in favor of free coinage.

Judge C. C. Goodson, of Salt Lake City, is expected to lead the attack. The Texas delegation will attempt to have the basis of representation of the colored voters in the leagues of the southern states changed so that the power of the colored man will be cut down one-half.

The New York delegation is pushing Col. E. A. McAlpin for the presidency, but the Illinois delegation insist that President W. W. Tracey shall have a second term.

Iowa Came First.

At 10 o'clock the delegates began to assemble. The Iowa delegation, headed by the Iowa state band, took seats on the stage. The theater had been handsomely decorated. Flags and bunting hung from the balconies in graceful festoons. The rear of the center of the stage was graced with portraits of Lincoln and Grant, between which was an immense representation of silver dollars. The front of the stage was a mass of flowers and potted plants.

Confusion was caused by the fact that people who were not delegates taking delegates seats. President Tracey appointed a sergeant-at-arms and aids, and an effort was made to give the seats to the rightful owners. The band, the Mendelssohn quartette of Denver, and the Nebraska Glee club meantime entertained the delegates. It was 12:20 when matters were satisfactorily arranged and the Rev. Dr. Kerr B. Tupper, of the First Baptist church of Denver, was called upon to offer prayer.

President Tracey then introduced F. C. Goudy, president of the State Republican league of Colorado, who welcomed the delegates to Denver and the state.

President Goudy's Speech.

After extending a welcome to the delegates and expressing the belief that rebellion and insurrection would not break out during their visit, Mr. Goudy continued:

"This fall we will redeem our fair young state from the follies of Populism. We now stand before the American people humiliated and disgraced, but we intend, with the help of patriotic lovers of law and order, regardless of party, that the wave of redemption starting in Oregon and rolling eastward shall reach its flood-tide in Colorado.

"Do not judge us by the wild and vicious utterances of our sanguinary executive, our so-called 'blood to the bridle,' boisterous, profane, turbulent, visionary, ill-tempered, inordinately ambitious, malicious and military governor, who though over 50 years of age and always able-bodied, never struck a blow, nor fired a shot, nor did any substantial act in behalf of his country or in behalf of any of the states in which he resided or tarried, or in which he has been the friend of labor for vote-getting purposes only.

Waite's Disgraceful Antics.

"His disgraceful antics are mistaken by some for statesmanship on the principle that some people mistake business for righteousness. He has afforded amusement, sorrow, shame and loss of credit, and has helped to drive capital from our midst and has done labor immeasurable harm.

"Now and then a sensational though reckless individual may be found who advocates the separation of the east and west, but the east and west are united. Our heart strings have been sorely stretched at times by the action of eastern Republicans on the silver question, but they have not been broken. We believe in bimetalism and protection, not one, but both, and so do you. The Republicans of Colorado prefer to trust their case of bimetalism to the care of the Lodges, Camerons, Tellers, Wolcotts and Dubois rather than to the Puffers, Kyles and Simpsons.

Silver Independent of Europe.

"Colorado Republicans earnestly advocate, and believe, that our country should act on the silver question independently of Europe. In addition to independent legislation let us enter into commercial treaties as another has suggested, with all the silver nations of the world, by which we shall charge higher duties on merchandise imported from gold nations than from those adopting bimetallic money; and let us strike back by a discriminated tariff especially at England,

which country stands so much in the way of an international coinage agreement.

"Colorado and Wyoming are in advance of the rest of the country as we view it, because they have divided and shared the responsibility of the ballot box with the better half of humanity whom Buckle pronounced 'the height, soul and crown of civilization.'

Bimetallism and Protection.

"Let us inscribe on our banner the motto: 'Bimetallism and protection—not one but both,' and in the year of our Lord, 1896, the sugar-coated Democratic and the little wheel-in-the-head Populist party will both be crushed beyond the possibility of recognition."

The Nebraska Glee club sang a brand new campaign song with such effect that an encore was demanded.

President W. W. Tracey of Springfield, Ill., then delivered his address. After hearing Mr. Tracey's address the convention adjourned until 3 p. m.

EDISON VERY ILL.

The Inventor Suffering From a Fall He Received a Few Days Ago.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Despite the most stringent efforts to conceal the fact, the details of a somewhat serious accident to Thomas A. Edison, the great inventor, have just come to light.

Mr. Edison has been at Ogden, N. J., for the past eight weeks, and was working on his magnetic ore separator, returning home only to spend Sunday. On Friday evening last he was sitting on the porch of his boarding house at Ogden, when, in some unaccountable manner, his chair gave way and he was hurled backward on the pavement, striking heavily. It gave him a great shock. Friends ran to his assistance, but he got up and said he felt no pain.

Saturday night he went home to Orange, N. J., as usual feeling sore and stiff, but thought little of the matter. On Sunday he became worse and, suffering a great deal of pain, his family physician was called in and thought but little of the matter and prescribed for him. Today Mr. Edison was worse and unable to leave the house. The physicians are puzzled. No bones are broken. It is feared that some serious internal injury may have been sustained. It is hoped that the present trouble may pass away without any serious consequences, but this only the next few days can determine. In the meantime his family and friends are worried over his condition.

THREATS TO BURN.

The Torch May Be Applied to Colorado Springs.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., June 26.—Rumors of all sorts of contemplated outrages are in the air here, and the mails are burdened with threatening letters. Last night W. H. Brooks, who has mines at Cripple Creek, and who was the first mine owner to require nine hours for a day's work, received warning that a band of miners intended to take him out and represent him as General Tarnsey had been served.

Sheriff Bowers received the following letter:

"Unless the cowardly rascals which attacked General Tarnsey are arrested by Monday, your city will be burned up."

THE "NEWS" IMPARTIAL.

A Denver Paper Offers Rewards for the Lawless on Both Sides.

DENVER, June 26.—The Rocky Mountain News in addition to the \$1,500 reward for the capture of the men who tarred and feathered Gen. Tarnsey, offers the same amount for the arrest and conviction of Cripple Creek strikers for the nameless outrages which they are said to have committed upon mine owners and non-union men.

The friends of General Tarnsey openly declare that the A. P. A. is responsible for the tar and feather outrage. A large number of the deputies who marched on Bull Hill, were members of the A. P. A. Tarnsey is a Catholic. The feeling between the city hall people, who are Populists, and the court house officials, who are Republicans, runs high. There was general rejoicing at the court house when the news of the treatment of Tarnsey was received. One of the employees hit upon a scheme for a badge that was suggestive. He pulled a feather from a duster and fastened it in his coat under his league button. This quickly struck the rest of the crowd as a good thing, and in a few minutes they were similarly decorated. As fast as a new member came in he was directed where he could find a feather with which to decorate himself.

As the usual crowd of attorneys and others commenced to arrive the condemnations of the outrage were so strong and so emphatic that gradually the feathers disappeared, even the deputy sheriffs yielding to the counsels of their superior and dropping the suggestive emblem. They could not altogether restrain their feelings, however, and the best they could do in the way of a comment was, "Yes, it was a blank outrage to treat any man in that way, but if any man deserved it, he did."

TOOK A NEW TURN.

The Linwood Wreck Case Develops a New Phase.

CLAY CENTER, Kansas, June 26.—The Linwood wreck case took a new turn this morning. The attorneys for the Rock Island taking the bold position that as the accident occurred on the Union Pacific track over which all trains were run on Union Pacific rules, that the Union Pacific company was alone responsible for damages resulting from a wreck, even though it was due entirely to the negligence of the employees of the Rock Island company.

On this ground the Rock Island company demurred to the introduction of further evidence against their client. The jury was excused while the demurrer was being argued. The argument consumed more than two hours. The court overruled the demurrer, and the taking of testimony was proceeded with. Assistant General Manager Allen of the Rock Island testified as to the object of tail lights, and Fred Metzheimer, master mechanic of the Union Pacific, gave evidence as to the distance, at the point of the wreck, as the result of tests made by him with two trains, at which tail lights could be seen.

RIOT AND PILLAGE.

The Wrath of Frenchmen Turned Against Italians.

Lyons the Center of Plunder and Lawlessness.

MANY FLEE THE CITY.

Paris Factories Discharge Their Italian Workmen.

President Carnot's Body Arrives at the Capital.

PARIS, June 26.—The feeling against Italians in particular and foreigners in general aroused by the assassination of the president has caused several factories in the suburbs of this city to discharge all the foreigners in their employ and it is expected that the same course will be adopted by other factories.

It is hoped, however, that when the sympathetic action of the King of Italy, the Italian chamber of deputies and premier Crispiere more generally known throughout France, a great deal of this feeling against Italy will be softened.

The disorders at Lyons and other places in France were continued throughout the night. Crowds of rioters thronged the streets at Lyons, and in spite of the efforts of the police and military, sacked Italian stores and taverns, and after throwing their contents into the streets, made bonfires of everything combustible.

The police frequently charged the rioters, who, however, always retreated before the officers of the law, seeming determined to demonstrate the fact that they were vindictive against Italians only and not seeking a conflict with the law authorities.

Italians Ruined.

At Lyons and in other towns of France excited by the murder of President Carnot, the Italian sculptors, wood carvers, image makers, grocers and gilders, suffered at the hands of the mob. When ferreted out they were beaten and rolled in the gutters, their belongings were seized and broken up or burned, and many of them barely escaped with their lives. Wholesale pillage reigned supreme throughout the night, large numbers of Italians being hopelessly ruined. Others have fled from Lyons and more are expected to follow.

Scenes of disorder similar to those witnessed there last night are reported from several other towns of France, notably from Grenoble and Dijon.

The troops have supported the police in every case of efforts of the police to restore order.

The Funeral Train.

The funeral train bearing the remains of the murdered president of the republic of France arrived here at 3:30 a. m. The prefect of the Seine, M. Poubelle and his staff, the prefect of police, M. Loe and his staff, railroad officials, and Gen. Sausser, the military governor of Paris, with his staff, met the body at the station, which was heavily draped.

The ceremonies at the railroad terminus, however, were private, and consisted of only one formal transfer of the remains to the prefect of the Seine. The casket was placed in a hearse and escorted to the Elisee palace, followed by five carriages, including a landau, which was occupied by Mme. Carnot, and her three sons.

In spite of the early hour, several thousand people had gathered about the railroad station. Every person present stood with uncovered head until the funeral cortege passed on its way to the palace.

In the Mortuary Chapel.

At the palace the body was received by the officers of the late president's civil household and conveyed to one of reception rooms which had previously been converted into a mortuary chapel, hung with black cloth and having a catafalque in its center upon which in silver letters was the initial "R. F." over the letters "R. F." (Republique Francaise.)

The widow was so overcome with emotion when the casket was placed in the mortuary chapel that she was compelled to retire to a private room.

The cabinet was absent from the reception of the remains at the railway station, nor were they present when the body arrived at the Elisee. It was also noticed that the military guards at the palace did not present arms when it turned out upon the arrival of the hearse at the palace, but it is believed that this was due to the fact that the early morning trains transfer of the remains was an entirely informal ceremony.

Died from the Shock.

All public services will go into mourning for thirty days for the late president. Among those who witnessed the arrival of the body of President Carnot at the palace this morning was his coachman, who was so affected when he saw the coffin that he fell insensible and died from the shock.

Several members of the chambers of deputies have asked Premier Dupuy if he is candidate for the presidency, and he has replied that his candidacy has been too freely mentioned for months past for him to come forward during the present critical stage in the affairs of France.

Will He Cast His Vote?

At a plenary meeting of republican senators this afternoon to decide upon a candidate for the presidency, a vote resulted: M. Casimir-Perier 144; M. Dupuy 15; scattering 17.

HE PLANNED CAREFULLY.

Santo Had a Diagram of the President's

LYONS, June 26.—Caesario Santo, the assassin, shows not the slightest sign of agitation. He is perfectly tranquil and at times appears careless and even calm. He has admitted he had for some time contemplated his crime. He produced today a programme of the Lyons

festivities giving President Carnot's route.

Along the road he had marked spots where he presumed he would have a chance to strike the fatal blow. He had given the subject considerable thought and felt confident that he knew how to deal a fatal blow before he left Cote. According to his own version, which inquiry in Cote has corroborated, he visited his sweetheart before leaving and said: "I have quarreled with my employer and am going to Lyons. You will see me no more."

It is now said to be established that Santo lived for some time in the Rue Traversiere in Paris, occupying a room in the house of an Italian wine dealer. The assassin's name was registered at the labor exchange.

SANTO SAYS HE'S AN ANARCHIST.

He Was "Detailed to a Policy of Violence."

LYONS, June 26.—Santo, the assassin of President Carnot, was again before the examining magistrate this afternoon. The prisoner declared himself an anarchist, detailed to a policy of violence. He said he acted upon his own initiative; he had not been engaged in any conspiracy to murder the president. Nevertheless it has been ascertained that when Santo stopped at Vienna and Montpellier, he had several suspicious conferences with persons suspected of being in league with the anarchists. In addition at Vienna he slept at the house of an anarchist.

The police investigation has already led to the arrest of three persons at Vienna, believed to have been engaged in the conspiracy.

NEW YORK ANARCHISTS.

Most Can Not Be Found But Schwab Talks to a Reporter.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Justin Schwab, the anarchist, talked of the assassination of M. Carnot tonight. He spoke in his usual incendiary manner.

"Society has wronged us," said he, "we retaliate. We have our revenge. Herr Most, the editor of the Freiheit, the anarchist organ, hid himself today. His friends said he did not want to be annoyed by questioners, but that he would have something strong to say about the killing in his paper Thursday."

Arrested at Lisbon.

LISBON, June 26.—Six Spaniards have been arrested in this city charged with posting red placards yesterday evening in the leading thoroughfares. The placards are inscribed: "Kavachol, Vaillant, and Henri are avenged. Santos arm has rendered them justice."

A LITTLE COOLER.

The Mercury Indicates That We're Not Having so Much Caloric.

"It's just 85 degrees," said Mr. W. S. Belden, weather observer T. B. Jennings' assistant, to a STATE JOURNAL reporter at two o'clock this afternoon.

At St. Louis the thermometer seemed to register the temperature at 89 degrees.

"Everything is indefinite," said Mr. Jennings, after he had carefully inspected the weather map which arrived at noon from Kansas City.

"The conditions are such that the equilibrium might be upset, but there is nothing at present to indicate that it will be. There is no change in the barometer."

The rain of last evening was .61 of an inch. This makes the total rainfall for June thus far seven inches.

KANSAS MILITIA.

Action Taken by the State Military Board Today.

The state military board this afternoon adjourned after a two days session and will meet again July 18.

The board adopted Rice's manual for target practice in the Kansas National guards.

The St. John's military school at Salina is to be allowed the use of 75 stand of arms. The guns to be given them are the old 50 caliber Springfield rifles which are laid up in use.

Captain Willard E. Whitaker of battery A, at Wichita, has been appointed instructor of the Salina military school to succeed the United States instructor who resigned.

At the next meeting of the board some action will be taken in reference to holding military encampments.

CONSULTS WITH SAFFORD

The Crusade Stirs Up the County and City Officials Mightily.

Police Commissioner A. B. Whiting and County Attorney H. C. Safford were in close consultation this morning, with the result that Mr. Whiting tendered to the county attorney, without reserve, the services of the whole police force of Topeka, to aid him in enforcing the liquor law more strictly than it has been for the past several months. Mr. Safford accepted the services of the police, and expressed the hope that the union of the two branches of law enforcing power would result in a better enforcement of the prohibitory law.

County Attorney Safford today wrote a letter to Rev. C. M. Sheldon inviting him to come to his office and bring his liquid evidence with him and the two together may make things interesting for some of the druggists.

Sheriff Burdge's Opinion.

"It isn't a surprise to me," said Sheriff Burdge speaking of Rev. Chas. M. Sheldon's sermon, exposing the clubs and whisky drug stores. "I think any person who cares to make an investigation can find that clubs are running a bear and whisky are sold contrary to law. I have no authority to make arrests except upon warrants or upon seeing the violation myself and the proprietors of those places are very careful that I shall not see."

"I think the parties who frequent the places where the law is violated should be subpoenaed by the county attorney and placed under oath and be asked to testify. That is what was done by Welch and Curtis when they held the office, but it has not been done for a long time. I think the city is in a worse moral condition than it has ever been. I am ready and willing at any time to enforce the law and am anxious to render the county attorney or police all the assistance in my power to suppress the gambling and liquor selling."

NOT A BIG SUCCESS.

Pullman Boycott Which Was to Begin at Noon.

Shows No Signs as Yet of Great Activity.

MAY NOT BE MANIFEST

Until Later in the Day When Evening Trains Start.

Police Protection Asked For and Granted at Chicago.

OMAHA, June 26.—The 400 members of the A. R. U. in Omaha are prepared to carry out the boycott as ordered to the letter. No trains will be made up until night here, however, and until that time it is impossible to determine what will occur. President Miller, of the local union, said the men generally were not in favor of the boycott, but would obey the instructions cheerfully. The A. R. U. are strongly represented here on all the roads except the Burlington, and they have a few members.

Local railroad managers are alert to the situation, but declare that they anticipate no trouble. They intimate that they expect the good sense of the men to dictate their course, and allow them to construe the boycott as applying wholly to large railway centers.

Grand Chief Hefflerin of the A. R. U., of the Union Pacific system, is in Omaha today. He says the real boycott order was determined on five days ago, and declares that the union is in a position to command the situation. He goes to Cheyenne tonight.

The Union Pacific handles both Wagner and Pullman cars, and hence can easily dispense with the use of the latter and still accommodate their passengers.

AT ST. LOUIS.

Offers of Strikers to Protect the Shops Are Not Accepted.

ST. LOUIS, June 26.—The Pullman strikers here today awaited with unconcealed anxiety the hour of noon, which was to determine the creation of the greatest strike of recent times. The committee spent the morning talking over arrangements for handling the strike, which they are prepared to fight out to the bitter end, but not a lawless hand would be raised.

In witness of this is the visit of a committee to Harrigan, chief of police for the purpose of offering the services of the strikers to protect the shops.

The men assert a belief that certain persons would fire the shops and thus try to throw discredit on them at no cost to Pullman, and at the same time bringing pecuniary damages on the strikers, whose tools are left uninsured. The chief told them it was entirely out of the question to accept their services for any such purpose.

The Pullman company could hire whomsoever they saw fit to guard their property.

DECLARED OFF AT CINCINNATI.

The Pullman Boycott at That Place Is Postponed.

CINCINNATI, June 26.—On order from President Debs, of the A. R. U., the Pullman boycott was declared off here today at noon. Mr. Phelan, who was sent here by President Debs, states that this is simply a postponement.

He says the A. R. U. don't want to tie up travel until arbitration has been resorted to.

Won't Feel It in the East.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The eastern superintendent of Pullman company said today: "We do not expect that we will be affected here. The A. R. U. has no strength on our eastern lines." Gen. Horace Porter, vice president Pullman company said: "The matter concerns the railroads more than us since they lease our cars."

Want Police Protection.

CHICAGO, June 26.—Chief of Police Brennan was asked by the railroad companies using Pullman cars for protection in case of trouble for the big boycott by the A. R. U. Police officers were placed on duty in the yards of all railroads companies with instructions to ask additional forces if necessary.

No Trouble at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 26.—The California and Mexico trains on the Santa Fe left this city since noon carrying three Pullman coaches each. The railroad men handled them without question. The A. R. U. is not strongly organized here.

Some Went Back to Work.

CINCINNATI, June 26.—The manager of the Pullman shops in Ludlow, Ky., has posted a notice that all striking employees who do not promptly return to work will be discharged. Twenty-eight of the strikers returned today under that notice and resumed work.

AS IT AFFECTS THE SANTA FE.

A Bulletin Issued by General Manager Frey on the Boycott.

General Manager J. J. Frey of the Santa Fe, who is now in Chicago with Receiver Wilson, today issued a bulletin which was telegraphed all along the line of the Santa Fe and posted at every station. In this bulletin which refers to the American Railway union boycott of the Pullman company, the Santa Fe holds up the United States receivership as a protection against the action of the boycott.

The bulletin is as follows: To Officers and Employees of the Receivers of the A. T. & S. F. R. R.:

"It is announced in the public press that the American Railway union has declared a boycott on Pullman cars effective at noon today. It should be understood by our employees that the difference between the Pullman company and their employees in no wise concerns the receivers of the Atch-

ison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad and their employees are expected to continue in the performance of their duties without interruption. The receivers are under contract with the Pullman company to haul Pullman cars in their passenger trains. It is therefore necessary, not alone on this account, but also on account of the services the receivers are required to render the public that their passenger trains be run intact including all classes of cars usually in such trains. To participate in such a boycott would be a criminal offense and the receivers as officers of the court are bound to and shall comply with the law. They are ordered by the court appointing them to operate the railroad and conduct its business, and in order to do so it is necessary for the accommodation of passengers to use Pullman cars. All persons are enjoined by the court from interfering with the possession and management of the railroad by the receivers or from interfering in any manner to prevent the discharge of their duties or the operation of the railroad under the order of the court. An attempt to prevent the handling of Pullman cars in mail trains would be a violation of the United States statute, punishing obstruction to the carrying of mails. It is expected that all employees will obey the laws and the order of the court.

"J. J. Frey, General manager for receivers." At the general manager's office it was given out that all trains were running unimpeded at 2 o'clock, and on account of the road being in control of the courts no trouble is expected.

DON'T TOUCH THE ROCK ISLAND.

Pullman Cars Not Disturbed on Trains Going Through Kansas.

So far as the Rock Island is concerned the officials say there might as well have been no A. R. U. boycott against the Pullman company. "We have very few A. R. U. men in our territory," said a Rock Island man today. "and we do not anticipate the least trouble. They will find they have a hard job on hand when they undertake to bankrupt George Pullman. Our trains are running all right."

The Union Pacific is having no trouble at all and its Pullman cars are running this afternoon just the same as ever.

Trains with Pullman cars attached are coming in today from both ways on the Santa Fe and there has been no attempt at any point to stop them.

TEACHERS FOR SUFFRAGE.

A Resolution of Endorsement Passed by the County Institute.

This morning a committee from the Topeka Equal Suffrage association visited the teachers' institute, which is in session in the High school. Mrs. H. Case and Mrs. Margaret Hill McCarter addressed the teachers on the pending suffrage amendment, and the following resolution was then adopted:

WHEREAS, Under the provisions of the constitution of the United States, "All persons born or naturalized within the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside, and that no state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of such citizens," therefore, be it

Resolved, That we declare ourselves unequivocally in favor of the adoption of the pending constitutional amendment granting equal suffrage to women, and hereby pledge ourselves to vote and labor to that end.

THE RIVER IS UP.

The Kaw Is Rising Rapidly—Higher Than for a Year.

The river is mad about something this week and is rapidly developing a current of sediment—or sediment—that tends strongly toward an uprising. Within the past twenty-four hours the Kaw has increased its depth about three feet and is still rising. Its dirty face is flecked with flecks of foam and blotched by floating logs. No damage is apparent excepting to sand piles along the shore, and there is no danger that the old stream will get out its banks.

Asbury Park Tickets.

KANSAS CITY, June 26.—General Passenger Agent Heard of the Missouri Pacific says that his road will tomorrow officially announce that the return portions of tickets sold for the teachers' meeting at Asbury Park and the Christian Endeavor at Cleveland, will be honored any day prior to September 1. Other passenger agents in this city have wired their roads for instructions.

Train Held Up in Georgia.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 26.—Train No. 6 on the Savannah, Florida & Western railroad, was held up near Homerville, 126 miles from Savannah, and near the Florida line, at 2 o'clock this morning. The train was boarded by a half dozen men armed with rifles. The Southern Express company's safe was blown open with dynamite and all its contents taken.

Turner Bound Over.

The preliminary hearing of Frank L. Turner, charged with counterfeiting, came up 3 p. m. today before United States Commissioner Miles. He waived the hearing and was bound over to the September term of the United States district court, and his bond was fixed at \$2,000.

Senator Palmer Overcome.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Senator Palmer, overcome by the heat this afternoon, was forced to retire from the chamber, but declared he expects to be on hand again tomorrow.

Labor Day Bill Passes.

WASHINGTON